## World War I

## Study guide

Directions: Please **respond with much detail in your writing (Note: You do not need complete sentences)** to the following questions concerning the concepts and terms for our <u>test on World War I next Wednesday April 10th</u>. **These are some samples of what you will see on your test**. We will review in class with a review game, but you want to be sure to look over your notes and are very familiar with them prior to your test. You may use your composition book on the test; the test questions will be higher level, asking you to apply your knowledge of the concepts. I have put the page #'s for each section where you should find the terms in your composition book.

A. Intro to World War I *a. Causes of World War I- remember the acronym MAIN (militarism, alliances, imperialism and nationalism)	<ol> <li>In what way did alliances cause a small war to be bigger?</li> <li>Explain how militarism would be a major cause of World War I.</li> </ol>
b. Short term cause of World War I- assassination of Archduke Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary	3. Explain why the 4 big causes of World War I would be like gunpowder and the short term cause would be likened to a match or a spark.
<b>c. Central</b> <b>Powers</b> )=Germany, Austria Hungary, etc	
d. <b>Allied Powers</b> Serbia, Russia, Britain, France, and the U.S. (after 1917)	
B. Fighting in the War	
a. Trench warfare	1. Explain what life was like in the trenches during World War I.
b. Major weapons of the war	
c. Stalemate	2. How would the new weapons affect warfare during World War I?
	(turn over)

<u>C. Events connected</u> with U.S. entering the war.	1. Why did the Zimmerman Telegram cause the United States to go to war with Germany?
a. Sinking of Lusitania	2. Why was the Selective Caprice Act on your controversial?
b. Zimmerman Telegram	2. Why was the Selective Service Act so very controversial?
c. Selective Service Act	3. What was the purpose of propaganda posters? How would the government seek to use propaganda
d. Propaganda posters	posters to instill pride in people?
e. Espionage and Sedition Acts	4. How were the Espionage and Sedition Acts unconstitutional?
D. End of the war	
a. armistice	1. How would new boundaries of nations in Europe be both a positive event and a negative event?
b. Treaty of Versailles. Remember the acronym BARNS	
- <b>Blame</b> given to Germany	2. How would Germany react to receiving full blame for World War I?
- Army reduced	
- <b>Reparations</b> paid by Germany	3. What would have been both positive and negative about a League of Nations?
- <b>New boundaries</b> of Europe	
<b>Society</b> formed (League of Nations) to help keep world peace.	